Printed Circuit Boards (PCB) Design and manufacture

INSTRUCTOR:

Dr. Mustafa M. Shiple

PREREQUISITE:

- Windows operating system environment.
- Basic electronic circuits.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Course goals:
 - To understand the principles and techniques of PCB designs (through OrCad tools).
 - To design and manufacture PCBs.
 - To learn to use computers in PCB fabrication labs (CNC machines and photo-plotters).
 - To develop teamwork skills

LABORATORY: will be held in electronics dep. at PCB Fab.

- Students have to take their notes and write discussions and clarifications. No material available for lab.
- Lab etiquette:
 - *Cleanliness*: Keep food and drinks away from the machines. Put trash in wastebaskets.
 - *Safety*: there will be acids and photo-sensitive materials. Keep any light sources or camera flashes out of lab.
 - *Manners*: Use the available machines and computers in delicate manner.

Time schedule:

#	Title
1	Introduction to schematic and part editor
2	Flat, Hierarchical design
3	Preparing for OrCAD Layout
4	Introduction to layout and smart rout
5	Fabrication process steps

TEXTS AND SUPPLIES:

• On-line Materials

 OrCAD Flow Tutorial : http://drshiple-courses.weebly.com/pcb-design-andmanufacture.html

Course in details:

Day 1st: Introduction to schematic and part editor

- \Box Creating a new project.
- □ Defining the OrCad interface windows and file extensions.
- □ Assigning global signals and defining the circuit construction.
- □ Assigning reference designators.
- □ Building parts and symbols.

Day 2nd: Flat design Hierarchical design

- □ Building a hierarchical design (top to down and down to top methodologies)
- \Box Creating multi-sheet flat designs.
- □ Copying work between projects.

Day 3rd: Preparing for OrCAD Layout

□ Post-process schematic designs to prepare them for layout. (netlist creation, design checking, documentations, bill of material and reports editing)

Day 4th: Introduction to layout and smart rout

- □ Using spreadsheets to manage design data and rules.
- □ Develop skills in part placement as well as interactive and automatic routing.
- □ Post-process board designs to prepare them for manufacturing.

Day 5th: Fabrication process steps

- $\hfill\square$ Introduction to PCB technology.
- □ Anatomy of laminates, and phototool generation including screen preparation.
- □ PCB fabrication techniques-single, double sided and multilayers.
- □ Drilling operation by CNC etching: chemical principles and mechanisms.
- □ Plating operations. Post operations; stripping solder masking.
- □ PCB component assembly processes (DIP and SMT technologies).